Registration Station Script

• Make sure the date and screening site are recorded.
• Make sure the person’s age, ethnicity and contact information are recorded.
• Record whether or not the person uses glasses for distance, near or both, and if they have the glasses with them.
• Ask and record if the person has a vision problem or eye disease that they know about.

“Are you currently being treated, or has your eye doctor told you that you have a vision problem or eye disease?”

• Ask Risk Assessment questions located on the registration form and record their answers.

“Do you have blood relatives with glaucoma?”
   “Blood relatives are mother, father, siblings, children or grandparents.”

“Has a doctor treated you for or said you have glaucoma?”
You may need to follow up with more questions to get an accurate answer:

   “Has a doctor told you that you have or might have glaucoma?”
   “Did the doctor prescribe eye drops for you to take every day to lower the pressure?”

“Have you noticed a change in your vision in the past 12 months? Have you seen an eye doctor about this?”

“Do you have persistent pain in or around your eyes?”
You may need to exercise judgment as to whether the pain is significant in nature or whether it may be related to headaches, allergies, sinus, cold or eye strain. This type of significant persistent pain is uncommon, but the person should be referred to a physician immediately.

“Are you black, Hispanic or Latino and over the age of 40?”
   “Research has shown that these populations are at a higher risk for glaucoma.”

“Are you over age 60?”
   “Advancing age is a risk factor for many eye diseases and disorders.”

“Was your last dilated eye exam more than two years ago? A dilated exam is when drops are put into the eyes to allow the doctor to do a more thorough examination of the inside of the eyes.”
You may need to follow up with more questions to get an accurate answer:

   “Were drops put into your eyes?”
   “Did you have difficulty focusing your eyes after the drops?”
   “Did lights seem especially bright after the drops?”
   “Did the doctor look into your eyes with a bright light after the drops were put into your eyes?”

“Do you have diabetes?”

“If yes, was your last dilated eye exam more than one year ago?”
   “People with diabetes are at an increased risk for glaucoma, cataracts and diabetic retinopathy.”
   “People with diabetes should have a comprehensive eye exam each year.”

• Make sure the person reads (or you read it to them), understands and signs the statement on screening.
• Give the completed registration form back to the person.

“You may now go to the first screening station, please take this form with you and give it to the screener.”